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La science et le monde moderne d'Alfred North Whitehead?-François Beets 2013-05-02 The second international Chromatiques whiteheadiennes conference was devoted exclusively to the exegesis and contextualization of Whitehead's Science and the Modern World (1925). In order to elucidate the meaning and significance of this epoch-making work, the Proceedings are designed to form "companion" volume. With one paper devoted to

each of its thirteen chapters, the Proceedings aim, on the one hand, to identify the specific contribution of each chapter to Whitehead's own research program - that is to say, to put its categories into perspective by means of an internal analysis- and, on the other hand, to identify its global impact in the history of ideas.

Histoire de la Science
Politique Dans Ses Rapports
Avec la Morale-Paul Janet
1887

The Savant and the State-
Robert Fox 2012-09-01 There

has been a tendency to view science in nineteenth-century France as the exclusive territory of the nation's leading academic centers and the powerful Paris-based administrators who controlled them. Ministries and the great savants and institutions of the capital seem to have defined the field, while historians have ignored or glossed over traditions on the periphery of science. In *The Savant and the State*, Robert Fox charts new historiographical territory by synthesizing the practices and thought of state-sanctioned scientists and those of independent communities of savants and commentators with very different political, religious, and cultural priorities. Fox provides a comprehensive history of the public face of French science from the Bourbon Restoration to the outbreak of the Great War. Following the Enlightenment, many different interests competed to define the role of science and technology in French society. Political and religious conservatives tended to blame the scientific community for upsetting traditional values and,

implicitly, delivering France into the hands of revolutionary extremists and Napoleonic bureaucrats. Scientists, for their part, embraced the belief that observation and experimentation offered the surest way to the knowledge and wisdom on which the welfare of society depended. This debate, Fox argues, became a contest for the hearts and minds of the French citizenry.

La Science et la vie- 1922
Dictionnaire Des Sciences Philosophiques-Adolphe Franck 1844
LA REVUE SOCIALISTE- 1902
Dictionnaire des sciences philosophiques, par une société de professeurs de philosophie [ed. by A. Franck].-Dictionnaire 1844
Merleau-Ponty : vie et individuation- 2005 Chiasmi International publishes for the first time two previously unpublished working notes from Merleau-Ponty that date from 1959 and the first chapter of a previously unpublished text that Simondon had written some years earlier: texts that testify to the intersecting reflections that Merleau-Ponty and

Simondon were conducting on one of the most decisive themes for the philosophy of the 20th Century: individuation. Some authors, who are among the best known specialists in the question of individuation, make their contributions bear on the subject matter of these texts, and on the relations between the thought of Merleau-Ponty and that of Simondon. The theme of the second section is the topic of life, which runs across Merleau-Ponty's lectures on nature, and shows itself to be perfectly complementary of that of the first one. The contributions devoted to the second theme essentially come from the Merleau-Ponty Circle (University of Western Ontario, 2003). Texts by: Giuliano Antonello, Daniela Calabro, Mauro Carbone, Fabrice Colonna, Miguel De Beistegui, Emmanuel De Saint Aubert, Helen A. Fielding, Paolo Gambazzi, Jacques Garelli, Xavier Guchet, Mariana Larison, Leonard Lawlor, Kym Maclaren, Maurice Merleau-Ponty, David Morris, Mario Neve, Felix O Murchadha, Franck Robert, Davide Scarso, Gilbert

Simondon, Jenny Slatman, Ted Toadvine, Robert Vallier, Veniero Venier.
Theories Naturalistes Du Monde Et de la Vie Dans L'antiquité-Jules Soury 1881
La vie et les poésies de Saint Grégoire de Nazianze. Thèse pour le doctorat ès lettres-A. GRENIER (of Clermont.) 1858
Dictionnaire des bienfaits et beautés du christianisme-Charles François Chevé 1856
Essai sur la conservation de la vie-E. de LAPASSE (Viscount.) 1860
De la vie commune et des associations sacerdotales dans le clergé séculier-Félix Antoine Philibert DUPANLOUP (Bishop of Orleans.) 1869
Science Et Métaphysique-Stanislas Dockx 1976
The Role of Experience in Science-Academie Internationale de Philosophie 1988
Étude sur la vie et les travaux de Desault, chirurgien célèbre, etc-Charles LABRUNE 1867
La science chrétienne-William D. Mc Ccrackan 1915
La Création Et la Providence Devant la Science Moderne-Eugène Maillet 1897
La science et la vie-Claude

Allègre 2008-05-07

Spécialiste de la physique du globe et de la géochimie, prix Crafoord pour ses travaux scientifiques, Claude Allègre a été ministre de l'Education nationale, de la recherche et de la technologie de Lionel Jospin. Il s'est distingué au printemps 2007 par des plus extrêmes réserves vis-à-vis de la candidature de Ségolène Royal à l'élection présidentielle. Il a récemment été l'auteur de deux grands succès de librairie, publié conjointement par Plon et Fayard : Ma vérité sur la planète (contre les thèses de Nicolas Hulot) et La Défaite en chantant. Il a publié de nombreux livres chez Fayard, parmi lesquels : L'Ecume de la Terre (1983 et 1999), De la Pierre à l'étoile (1985 et 1996), Economiser la planète (1990), Introduction à une histoire naturelle (1992 et 2001), La Défaite de Platon (1995), Dieu face à la science (1997), et Un peu de science pour tout le monde (2003). De février 2007 à février 2008, Claude Allègre a tenu un journal dont l'exergue est cette citation de Montaigne : « J'ai pu me mêler des charges publiques sans me

départir de moi de la largeur d'un ongle. » C'est ce qu'on peut reconnaître à Claude Allègre : il n'a pas sa langue dans sa poche et n'a pas la langue de bois. Il alterne ici l'évocation de sa vie de savant, bien plus discrète que l'autre, mais foisonnante, et sa vie publique plus turbulente : ici se trouvent dévoilés les dessous de l'« ouverture » sarkozyste et éclairés de manière inégalée les circonstances de la défaite de la candidate socialiste et ses conséquences. Le ton d'une seconde exergue donne le « la » de cet ouvrage riche d'anecdotes, corrosif et coruscant : « Ne sois pas plus sage que nécessaire, tu deviendrais stupide » (L'Ecclésiaste).

The Journal of the Royal Aeronautical Society-Royal Aeronautical Society 1942 Etudes Sur La Vie De Bossuet Jusqu' a Son Entree En Fonctions En Qualite De Precepteur Du Dauphin (1627-1670)-Pierre Amable FLOQUET 1855 XVIII Siecle; Lettres, Sciences Et Arts, France 1700-1789-P. L. Jacob 1878 Bibliography of Eighteenth Century Art and Illustrated

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Books-J. Lewine 1898
The Publishers' Trade List
Annual- 1877
La Sagesse angélique sur la
divine providence. ... Traduit
du latin par J. F. E. Le Boys
des Guays, sur l'édition
princeps Amsterdam, 1764-
Emanuel Swedenborg 1854
Grand Dictionnaire Universel
[du XIXe Siecle] Francais: A-Z
1805-76-Pierre Larousse 1869
DeMain- 1906
Nouveau Dictionnaire de la
Vie Pratique- 1923
Proceedings of the ...
International Congress of
Philosophy- 1905
Patrologiae Cursus
Completus: Series Latina-
Jacques-Paul Migne 1854
Annuaire Europeen 1988 -
European Yearbook 1988-P.
Drillien 1990-03-26 The
European Yearbook has
expanded over the years in
keeping with the role played
by European institutions
compared with national ones.
It is an indispensable work of
reference for anyone dealing
with these institutions, which
have become so numerous &
varied that no-one can
possibly memorise all their
acronyms or functions. The
European Yearbook provides
aids for finding one's way

through the labyrinth of these
organisations which
coordinate a variety of
activities in over 20 countries.
One of the aids is an
'organisation chart' at the
beginning of the documentary
section, giving a clear picture
of the general situation. A
perusal of the many
contributions in the volume
organisation by organisation,
shows the full diversity of the
activities which Europe is
gradually taking over from
national governments, with
their consent & financial
support. Written in both of the
Council of Europe's official
languages, English & French,
the European Yearbook also
contains a general index by
subject & name which
constitutes a very valuable list
of articles & provides direct
access to the work's subject
matter, regardless of the
particular organisation
concerned, offering a kind of
cross-section of the activities
of European organisations.
The Literary and Cultural
Reception of Charles Darwin
in Europe-Thomas F. Glick
2014-05-22 Beyond his pivotal
place in the history of
scientific thought, Charles
Darwin's writings and his

theory of evolution by natural selection have also had a profound impact on art and culture and continue to do so to this day. The Literary and Cultural Reception of Charles Darwin in Europe is a comprehensive survey of this enduring cultural impact throughout the continent. With chapters written by leading international scholars that explore how literary writers and popular culture responded to Darwin's thought, the book also includes an extensive timeline of his cultural reception in Europe and bibliographies of major translations in each country.

Science et technique des carbones : de l'énergie aux matériaux-DELHAES Pierre 2012-11-21 L'atome de carbone a un rôle clé. Il peut former plusieurs types de liaisons chimiques mais également s'auto-associer pour donner un squelette carboné, caractéristiques qui sont à la base de la chimie organique, de la biochimie et de la vie. Science et technique des carbones présente la progression des connaissances dans les solides carbonés à partir des

découvertes et inventions successives depuis la préhistoire. Le rôle essentiel joué par l'exploitation des mines de charbon au moment de la première révolution industrielle comme source d'énergie primaire est un point crucial. L'importance du carbone s'est accrue par le développement de la carbochimie pour créer des matériaux artificiels. Leurs utilisations comme matériaux traditionnels de transformation en sidérurgie et comme céramiques particulières, puis technologiques (charbons actifs, fibres de carbone...), sont successivement décrites. La découverte récente des carbones moléculaires, fleurons de la nanotechnologie, met en exergue l'avènement de la technoscience. Finalement, leur impact économique et sociétal est analysé en exposant l'existence de grandes transitions énergétiques associées aux cycles macro-économiques. Selected Studies in History of Science-Reijer Hooykaas 1983 The Aeronautical Journal- 1942 Le Guide Musical- 1867

Conferences sur la vie, les
moeurs et la science des
ecclésiastiques, par le R. P. E.
V. du Vivier-Emeric de
Vollnyre Du Vivier 1698
the purpose of education-St.
George Lane Fox Pitt
The Science and Theology of

Information-Christoph
Wassermann 1992
Nieuwsblad Voor Den
Boekhandel- 1865 With
1855-1927 are issued and
bound: Handelingen van de
algemeene vergadering.